## WALLPAPER

DESIGN | 9 OCT 2019 | BY LAURA MAY TODD

## The glass industry in Venice carves space for the next generation

David Landau, the founder of Venice Glass Week, discusses how Murano is healing old wounds, and the global gaze on the city's glass industry



The Genezis Set', by Péter Borkovics at The Venice Glass Week hub 2019, Photography: Op-Fot

The first time Thomas Stearns attempted to have his <u>glass</u> vessels made, he was unceremoniously thrown out of the Venetian studio by an enraged and insulted master. Ignoring the traditional craft's prescription for symmetry and balance, his soulful, organic vessels proved too radical for the orthodox sensibilities of the artisan. 'After showing him his drawings and models,' retells Venice Glass Week organiser David Landau, 'he began shouting at him and showing him the door, claiming he could never work for such a freak.'

The native Oklahoman had arrived in Venice in 1960 on a Fulbright scholarship, having first seen the work of Venini in a magazine stateside. Stearns sought out the businessman and his cabal of glass masters to learn how to render in 3D the two-dimensional glasswork that he had already been producing in America. Eventually, he was able to find a young and more open-minded glassmaker to realise his visions, but the indignities didn't end there.

His prized pieces 'Cappello del Doge' and 'Facciate di Venezia' were awarded the prestigious Gold Lion for glasswork (once a category unto itself) at the 31st Biennale in 1962, but the honour was stripped when it was realised the artist wasn't a native Italian. 'They gave the prize to the second best,' Landau says of the historic scandal.





Lucia Massari Strata for SWING Design Gallery

Sixty years after Stearns, attitudes have certainly changed. Venice Glass Week, now in its third year, is presenting a retrospective of his work as the headlining event. Curated by glass historian Marino Barovier and shown at Le Stanze Del Vetro on San Giorgio Maggiore island, the exhibition gathers some of the most prized pieces Stearns created during his time at Venini, shining a light on the technical skill and inspired forms that went so unappreciated at the time. In addition to the Stearns show, the Murano Glass Museum is presenting a selection of work from mid-century Finnish artist and graphic designer Tapio Wirkkala, whose exceptional work fuses <u>Scandinavian design</u> sense with the material possibilities of Venetian glass.

More than just an accounting of the past, Venice Glass Week looks towards the future. Spanning 180 events and <u>exhibitions</u> over nine days, the program brings international attention to the myriad of talented contemporary designers working in Murano. Concerned with the dwindling numbers of operational furnaces and onslaught of cheap fake souvenirs

shipped in from abroad, Landau founded Venice Glass Week as a way of promoting and preserving the millennium-old art.



'Thomas Stearns alla Venini' installation views. Photography: Enrico Fiorese

'The main goal is to help Murano to heal its wounds,' Landau says of his goals for the project, 'and become a centre for the production of 21st century, high-quality artistic glass.' Channelling the global gaze towards local artisans and the international artists that, like Stearns, travel to Venice to have their work realised, Landau hopes that it will set the wheels in motion for the industry to rebound.

'It's a question of opening up Murano to the contemporary world'

In addition to the Le Stanze Del Vetro and Murano Glass Museum exhibitions, the newly inaugurated Venice Glass Week Hub presented a group show of contemporary designers spread over multiple locations. Supported by auction house Bonhams, a prize was awarded for the most original work. This year, the first edition, was won by <u>Barbini Specchi</u>, who presented a series of ornately wrought mirrors designed by the likes of <u>Bethan Laura</u> <u>Wood</u>, <u>Martino Gamper</u> and Lucia Massari.

'Here, you really find the best glassblowers,' declares Landau, 'but it's a question of opening up Murano to the contemporary world.' He points to programs such as AUTONOMA by local artist and entrepreneur Marcantonio Brandolini d'Adda, which connects artists working from abroad with skilled local glass artisans in hopes of disseminating and promoting the historic craft. 'More and more artists are coming, younger artists are coming,' he says of the mission, 'it's a sign that things are moving.